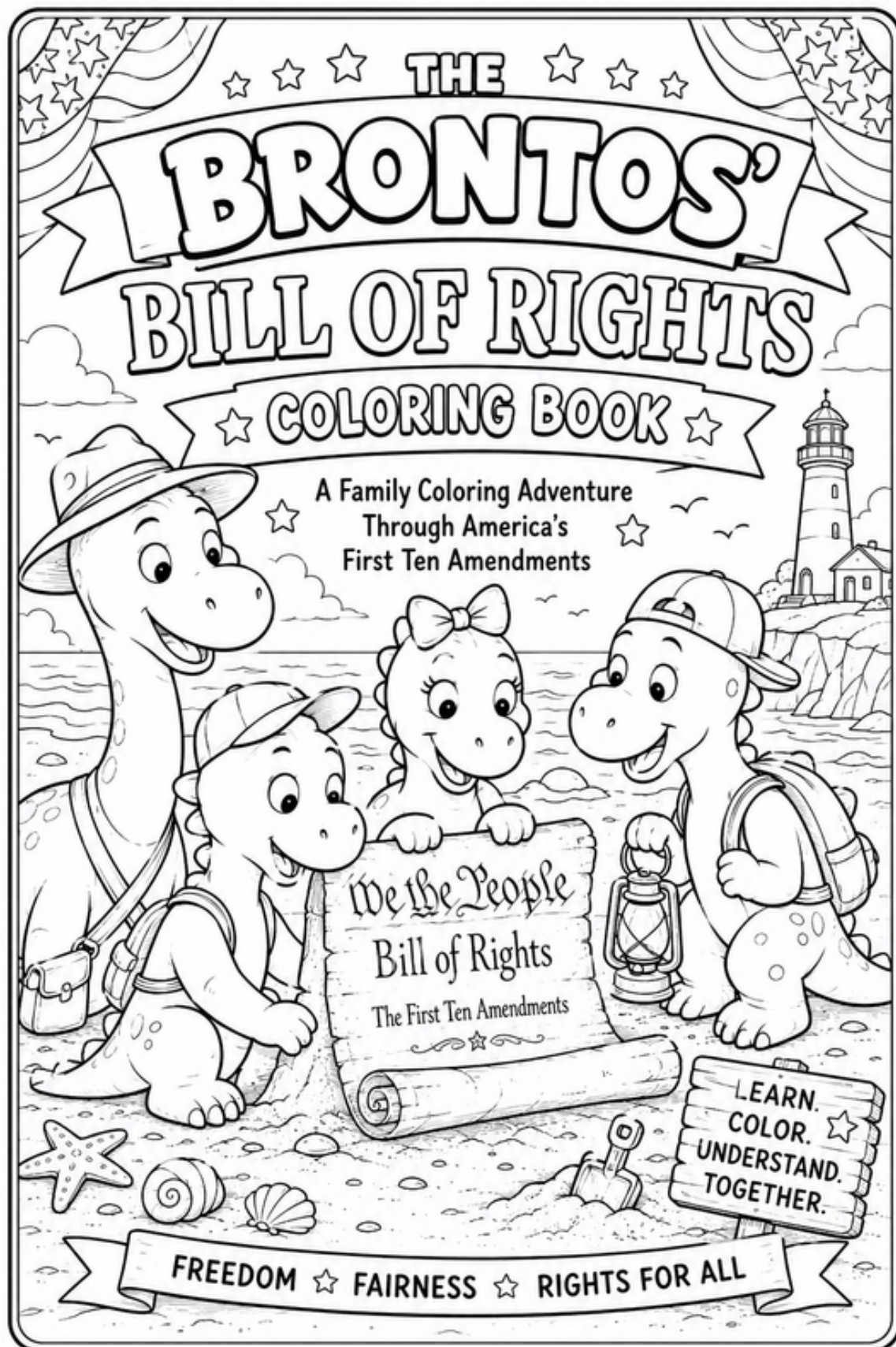
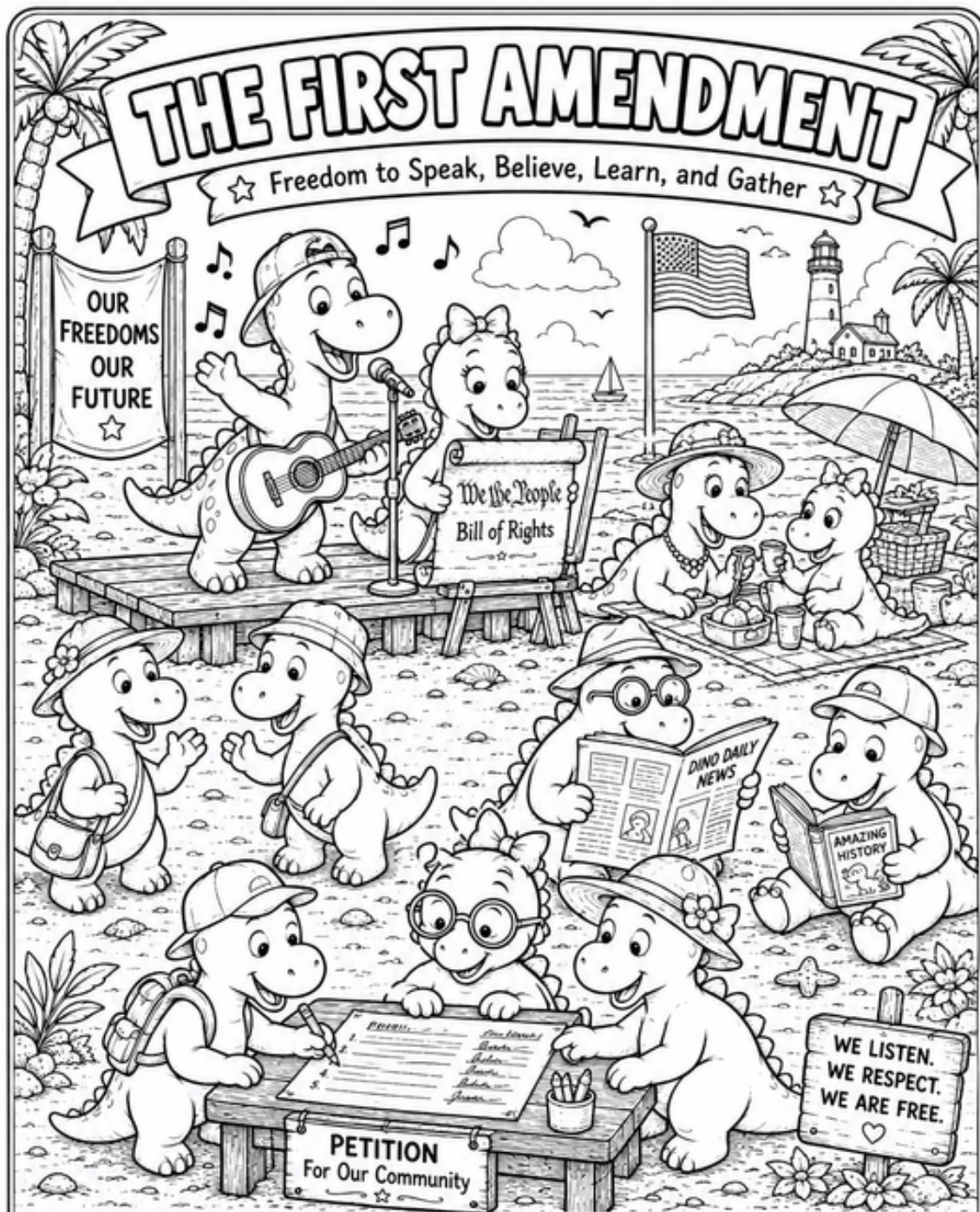






★ COLOR & LEARN ★

The First Amendment protects five important freedoms:

- ★ Freedom of Speech
- ★ Freedom of Religion
- ★ Freedom of the Press
- ★ Freedom to Peacefully Assemble
- ★ Freedom to Petition the Government

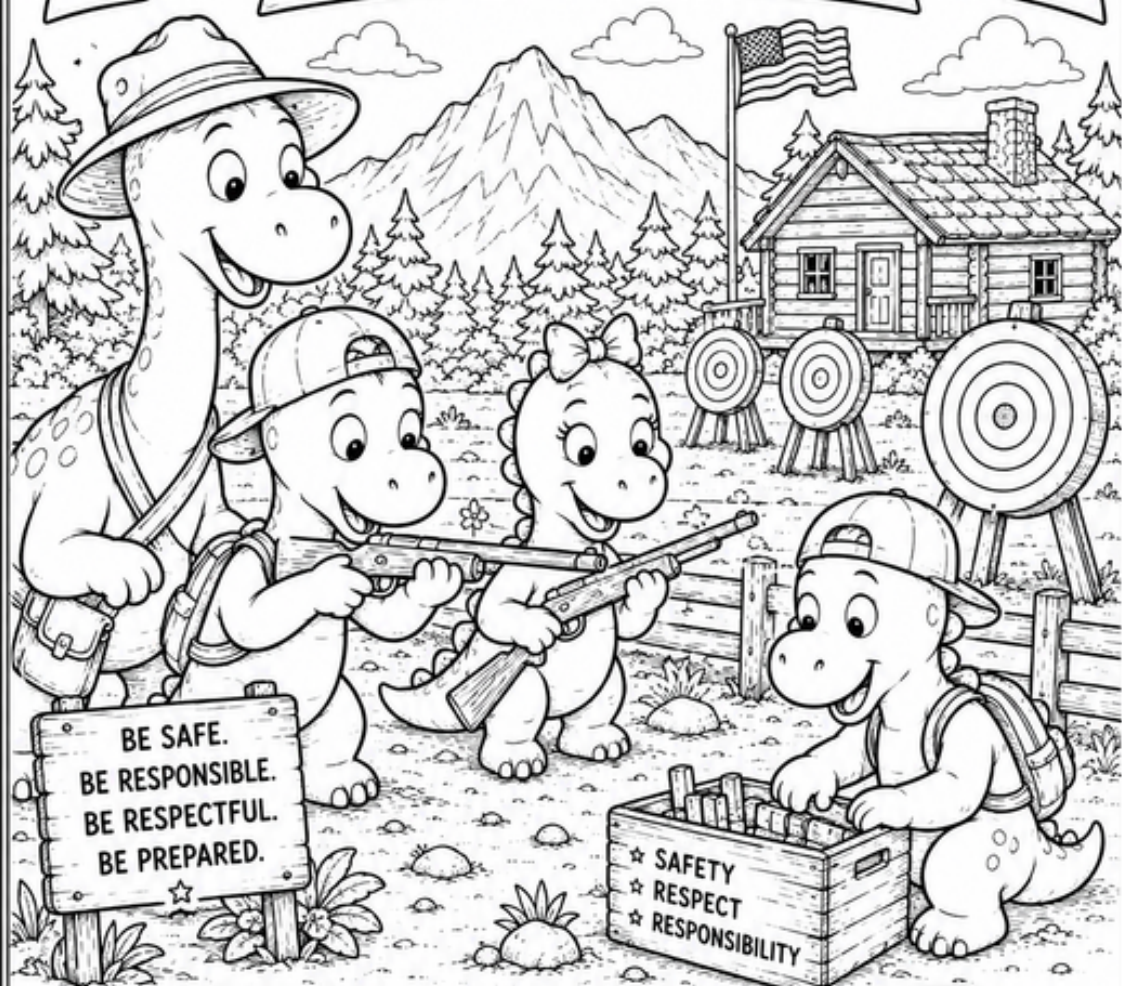


DID YOU KNOW?

The First Amendment is the very first freedom listed in the Bill of Rights because sharing ideas peacefully is an important part of living in a free country.

THE SECOND AMENDMENT

★ The Right to Keep and Bear Arms ★



★ This right helps responsible citizens protect themselves, their families, and their country. ★

★ COLOR & LEARN ★

The Second Amendment means the people have the right to own and use weapons for lawful purposes, such as:

- ★ Protecting themselves and their families
- ★ Keeping our country safe
- ★ Hunting for food (in some cases)
- ★ Practicing safely and responsibly



DID YOU KNOW?

The Second Amendment is one of the oldest rights in our country. It was included in the Bill of Rights to make sure the people could protect what matters most—their freedom.

THE THIRD AMENDMENT

☆ The Right to Privacy in Our Homes ☆



The Third Amendment protects the right of people to enjoy their homes without being forced to house soldiers.



☆ COLOR & LEARN ☆

The Third Amendment means soldiers cannot stay in our homes without our permission.



DID YOU KNOW?

Long ago, some soldiers were forced to stay in people's homes. This amendment helps make sure our homes are our own!



THE FOURTH AMENDMENT

★ The Right to Privacy and Protection From Unreasonable Searches and Seizures ★



★ The Fourth Amendment protects people from searches and seizures unless there is a good reason and a warrant or permission. ★

★ COLOR & LEARN ★

The Fourth Amendment helps protect:

- ★ Our homes
- ★ Our belongings
- ★ Our letters and messages
- ★ Our privacy



DID YOU KNOW?

Police or government officials usually need a search warrant to look through your home or belongings. A warrant is a paper that says a judge has a good reason for the search.

THE FIFTH AMENDMENT

☆ The Right to Fair Treatment ☆

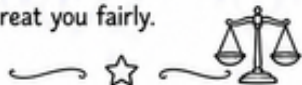


☆ The Fifth Amendment protects people from being treated unfairly by the government. It gives important rights to everyone who is accused of a crime. ☆

☆ COLOR & LEARN ☆

The Fifth Amendment gives you these rights:

- ★ You don't have to testify against yourself.
- ★ You have the right to a lawyer.
- ★ You can't be tried for the same crime twice.
- ★ The government must follow the rules and treat you fairly.



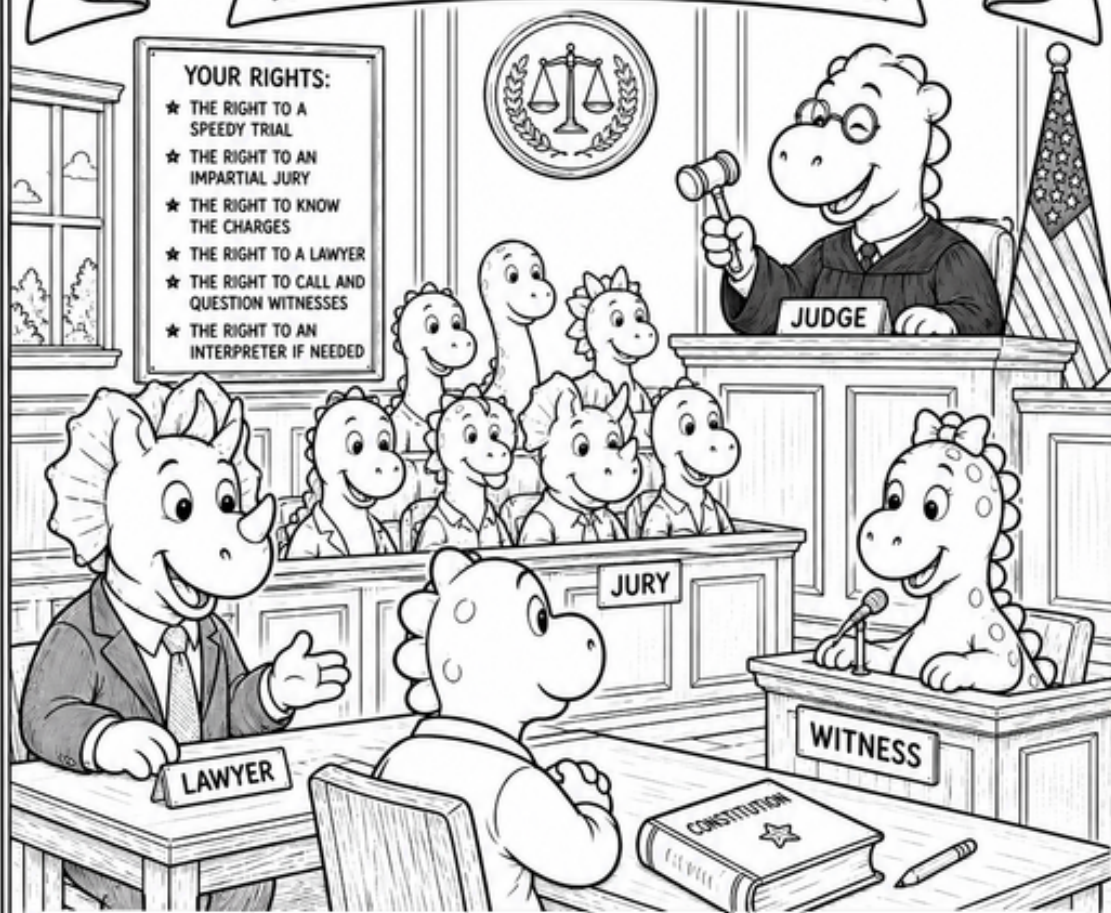
DID YOU KNOW?

This amendment helps protect everyone—even if they are accused of a crime. It makes sure the government plays fair and respects your rights.



THE SIXTH AMENDMENT

★ The Right to a Fair and Speedy Trial ★



YOUR RIGHTS:

- ★ THE RIGHT TO A SPEEDY TRIAL
- ★ THE RIGHT TO AN IMPARTIAL JURY
- ★ THE RIGHT TO KNOW THE CHARGES
- ★ THE RIGHT TO A LAWYER
- ★ THE RIGHT TO CALL AND QUESTION WITNESSES
- ★ THE RIGHT TO AN INTERPRETER IF NEEDED

★ The Sixth Amendment gives people important rights when they are accused of a crime. It helps make sure everyone gets a fair trial. ★

★ COLOR & LEARN ★

The Sixth Amendment means you have the right to:

- ★ A speedy trial (without unnecessary delays)
- ★ A fair trial with a jury that is fair and unbiased
- ★ Know what you are accused of
- ★ A lawyer to help you
- ★ Call witnesses to help your case
- ★ Question the witnesses against you
- ★ An interpreter if you need one



DID YOU KNOW?

A jury is a group of ordinary people who listen to the facts and decide the case. It helps make sure the decision is fair and not just up to one person.



THE SEVENTH AMENDMENT

★ The Right to a Jury Trial in Civil Cases ★



★ The Seventh Amendment gives people the right to have a jury decide the facts in a civil case. Civil cases are disagreements between people or businesses, not crimes. ★

★ COLOR & LEARN ★

The Seventh Amendment means you have the right to a jury trial in civil cases. A civil case might be about things like:

- ★ Money you are owed
- ★ A broken contract
- ★ Damage to your property
- ★ Personal injury



DID YOU KNOW?

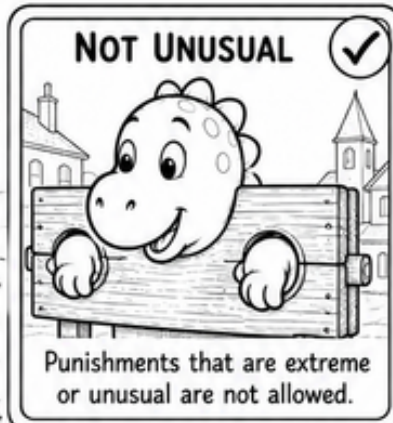
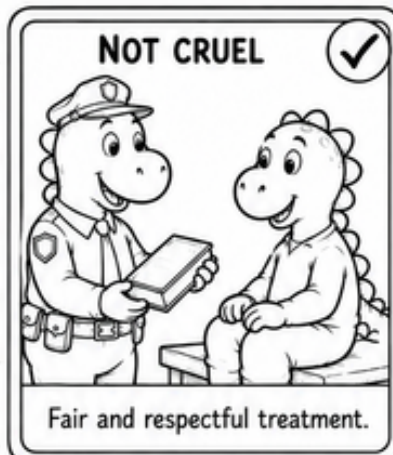
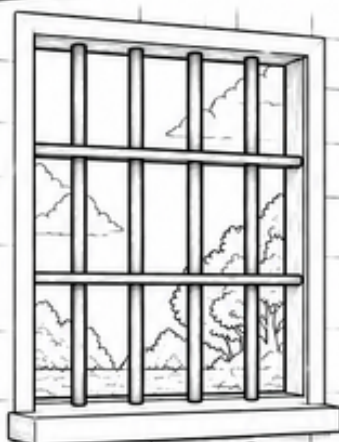
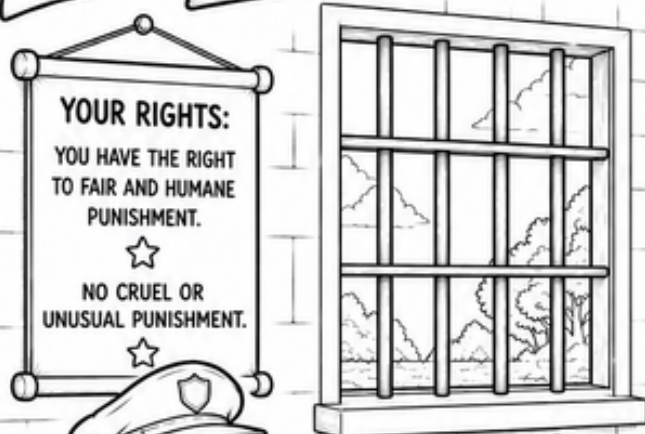
In civil cases, the jury decides what happened.

The judge explains the law and makes sure the trial is fair.



THE EIGHTH AMENDMENT

★ The Right to Fair and Humane Punishment ★



★ The Eighth Amendment protects people from cruel and unusual punishment. It makes sure punishments are fair, humane, and respect everyone's dignity. ★

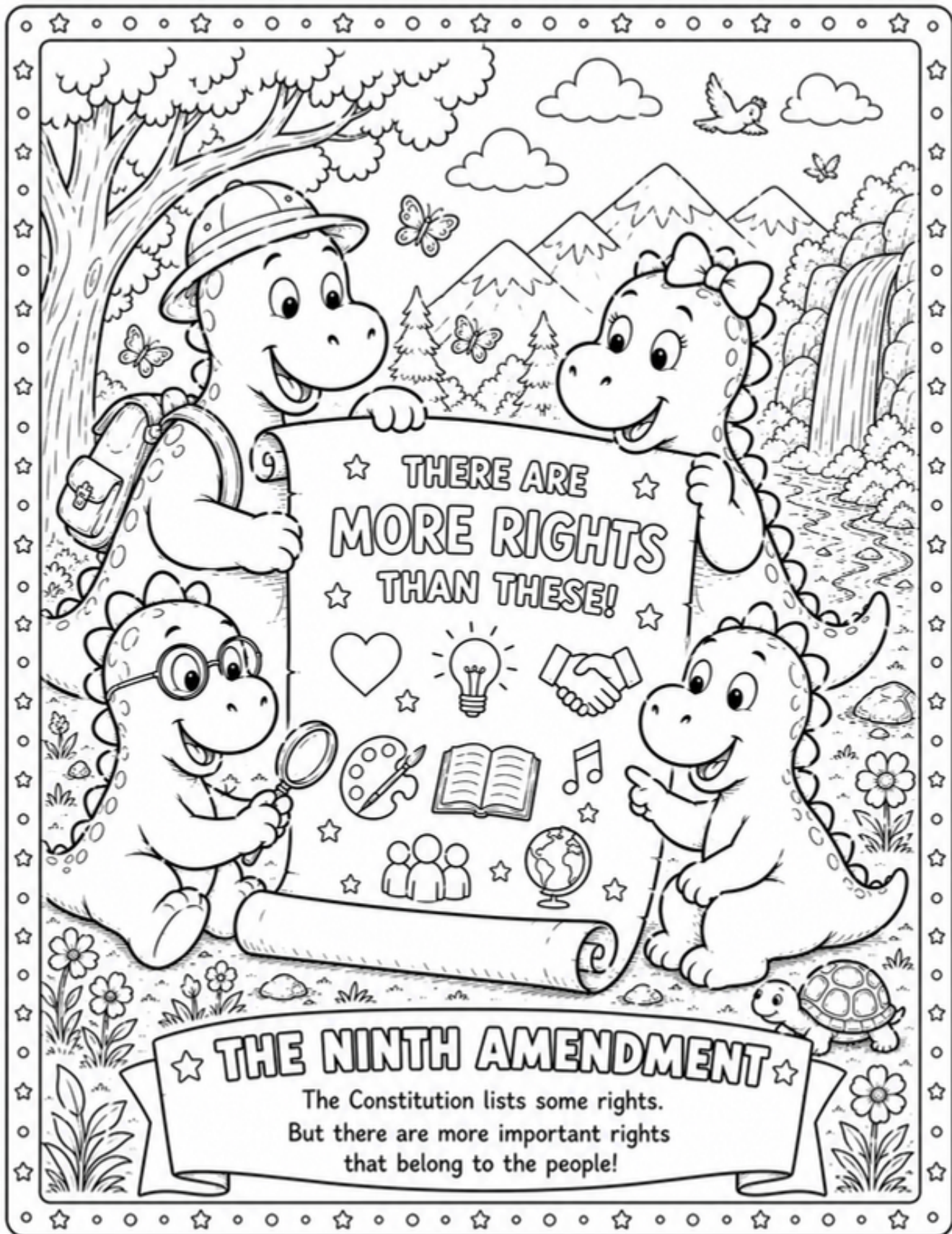
★ **COLOR & LEARN** ★

The Eighth Amendment means:

- ★ Punishments should not be cruel.
- ★ Punishments should not be unusual.
- ★ Everyone should be treated with dignity and respect.
- ★ Rules help keep the justice system fair and just for all.

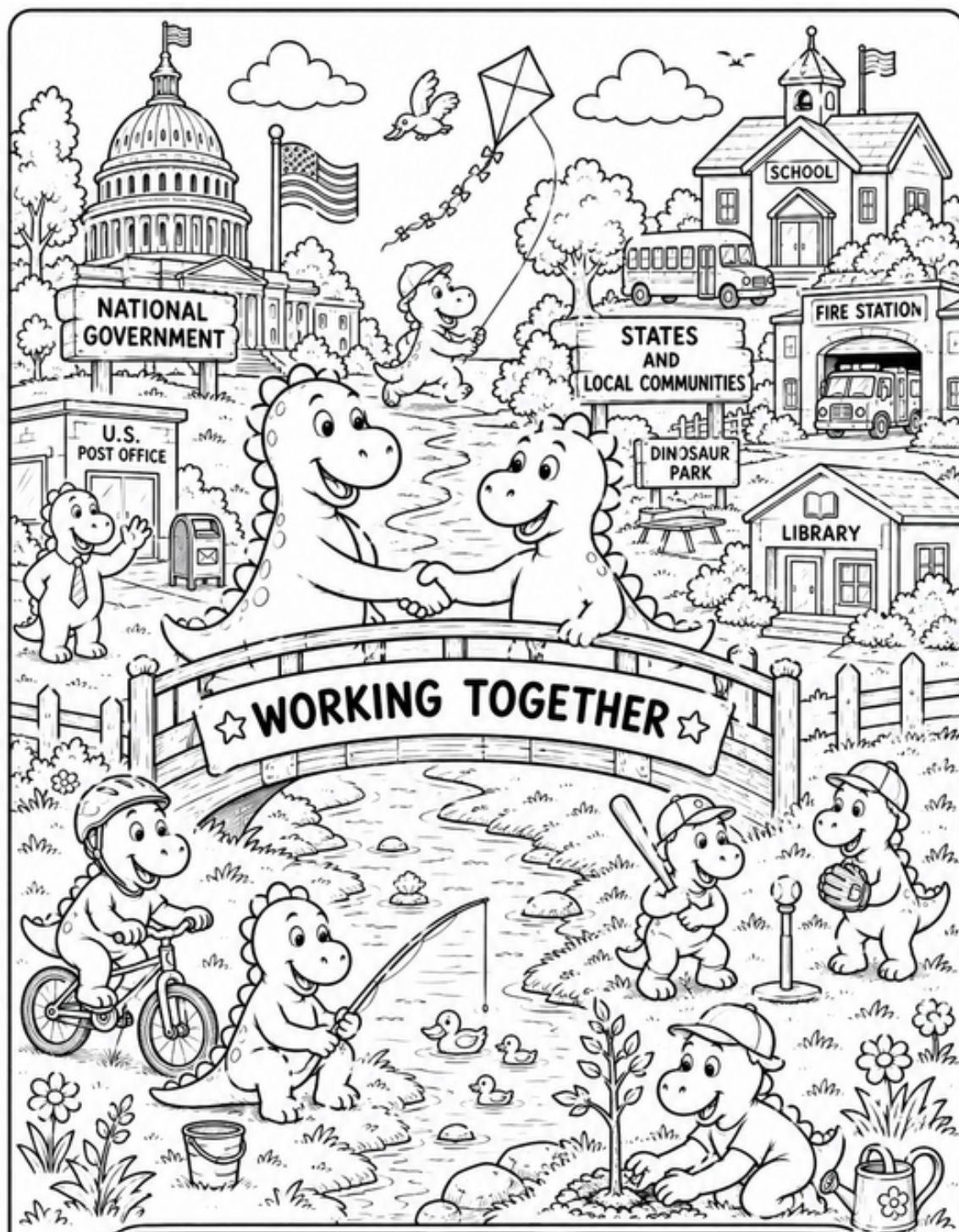
DID YOU KNOW?

This amendment has been part of the Bill of Rights since 1791. It helps protect everyone by making sure the government does not use extreme or unusual punishments.



★ THE NINTH AMENDMENT ★

The Constitution lists some rights.
But there are more important rights
that belong to the people!



★ THE TENTH AMENDMENT ★

Some powers belong to the national government.
Other powers belong to the states or the people.



